



NEWSLETTER

LILAC FINANCIAL

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How might rising interest rates affect your mortgage?

The Bank of England has raised interest rates which means bigger mortgage bills for some homeowners.

At the start of February 2022, the Bank of England raised interest rates for the second time in three months from 0.25% to 0.50% to combat soaring inflation. This move will have a knock-on effect as mortgage lenders raise interest rates in response, which will increase monthly payments for some borrowers.

What does a rise in interest rates mean for your mortgage?

Anyone without a fixed-rate mortgage is likely to see their borrowing costs rise, although how they are affected will depend on the type of product they have. Your adviser can help you assess your mortgage deal and figure out ways to make some much needed savings.

- Only borrowers with a mortgage that moves up or down with the base rate will be affected by the interest rate change.
- This includes tracker mortgages and standard variable rate mortgages (which you revert to when a mortgage deal ends).

Fixed-rate mortgages

Most mortgage holders are on fixed-rate deals so won't see any change in their monthly payments. This is because the interest rate you pay stays the same for the length of the mortgage deal.

Standard variable rate mortgages

You will usually be moved on to a standard variable rate when your existing tracker or fixed rate mortgage deal ends. For example, if you take out a two-year fixed deal and you don't remortgage, you will be moved to the lender's standard variable rate. The rate is likely to be considerably higher than what you were paying before, so your monthly payments will increase, and lenders can raise the standard variable rate whenever they want.

Tracker mortgages

Homeowners with a tracker mortgage will find that their interest rate payments will now go up, but when this happens will depend on their lender. Tracker mortgages are a type of variable rate mortgage that follow the Bank of England's interest rate. So, when official interest rates go up, the rate on your tracker will rise as well.

As a rule, they do not exactly match the base rate, but are set a level just above it. For example, if the lender's rate is the base rate +1%, the interest you'd pay in total on your loan would be 1.5%.

Whatever type of mortgage you have, we can advise you about how the interest rate rise might affect you and address any questions or concerns you have.

How to save on your mortgage costs

The best thing you can do is to speak to your financial adviser. For example, if you're on a tracker mortgage, they will be able to advise whether changing to a fixed-term deal to protect yourself from any further rises is a good idea. They will also let you know about the fees involved when making changes to your mortgage. If you are on a standard variable rate you can switch at any time, so with interest rates rising, your adviser can help you look at available fixed-rate deals.

Homeowners on fixed deals don't have to worry about their mortgage going up until their current term ends. Most lenders will let you lock into a new deal six months before the current one ends so it's a good idea to plan.

Whether you're looking to remortgage or are a first-time buyer, we can help you find the most suitable deal for your circumstances and help keep your costs down.

**YOUR HOME MAY BE REPOSSESSED IF YOU DO NOT KEEP UP REPAYMENTS
ON A MORTGAGE OR ANY OTHER DEBT SECURED ON IT**

How does a remortgage work?

A remortgage could help you save money if you weigh up the fees involved with the savings you could make. Here's how it works.

A remortgage is the process of moving your home's existing mortgage to one with a new lender.

People remortgage for many different reasons, including:

- Finding a better deal elsewhere – you might be on a standard variable rate (SVR) and want to move to a fixed-term rate.
- Coming to the end of a fixed-term deal on your current mortgage and wanting to lock in a lower rate with a new lender.
- The loan-to-value on the home is lower (as more of the mortgage has been repaid).
- Wanting to get ahead of a rise in interest rates, which would affect mortgage rates.

How a remortgage could help you save

One of the big reasons people remortgage is to save money on their monthly payments. If you're on a standard variable rate that is higher than the fixed-rate deals currently available, you could save by switching – either to a fixed-rate mortgage or one that 'tracks' the Bank of England's base rate.

If your home has gone up in value and you've paid off enough of your mortgage to give you a lower loan-to-value, it means you own more of your home and have less to pay off. Remortgaging could result in lower monthly mortgage payments because you're paying off less of a loan amount (and in turn, less interest on it too).

How long does the remortgage application take?

The process can take between four to eight weeks from the time you apply so it's good to start planning early. If you're coming to the end of a fixed-rate or tracker term, your lender should tell you that your mortgage will move onto their standard variable rate¹. This could be an ideal time to move if you find a better deal elsewhere, or you may even find an attractive deal with the same lender and go through a 'product transfer' (see box).

How much does a remortgage cost?

Existing lender fees

Your existing lender could charge you a fee if you're leaving them early into a fixed period in your mortgage. This is known as an 'early repayment charge' and could be in the range of 1% to 5% of your outstanding mortgage balance. They will also charge you an 'exit' fee of around £50 to £100 to cover their administration costs.

New lender fees

Your new lender could charge you a range of fees, so before you commit it's important to check what you will pay. This will help you calculate whether a move is financially beneficial overall.

Their fees could include:

- **Application fee** to set up your new mortgage. Could also be called an 'arrangement', 'product' or 'booking' fee. This could be around £1,000.
- **Valuation and conveyancing fees.** Some providers won't charge for these, but it's worth checking if you are moving to a new lender.
- **Solicitor's fee** covering the legal paperwork to do with managing the transfer of your mortgage.

Is a remortgage right for you?

Whether or not you remortgage all depends on your situation and the type of mortgage plan you're currently on. You may want a mortgage that lets you make overpayments, or you could be coming to the end of your current deal's fixed term and think the lender's SVR will be too high. One of the most important things you can do before you decide is gather your current mortgage paperwork, look at the fees and get some expert advice on your next steps.



What about product transfers?

If your mortgage is coming to its maturity date but you'd prefer to stay with your current lender, you could consider a product transfer. Switching to a new mortgage product with the same lender could save you money and time. Our financial advisers can help guide you through choosing the right product to make it worthwhile and explain the logistics of transferring your mortgage product.

Our advisers can help you work out the pros and cons of a remortgage, and what could work best for you.

¹www.investorcoms.com

YOUR HOME MAY BE REPOSSESSED IF YOU DO NOT KEEP UP REPAYMENTS ON YOUR MORTGAGE



What are value-added services?

Value-added services are benefits included in an insurance policy that you might not be aware of – but could help improve your overall health and wellbeing.

When you take out an insurance plan like life insurance, critical illness or income protection, you get the financial protection in the form of a payout, but there are also other services available to you as complementary parts of those plans.

These 'value-added services' or 'wellbeing services' are designed to provide customers with a range of emotional and practical support services throughout the life of the plan, not just when you may need to claim. Most services are included within the price of the plan and can often be accessed by family members too.

It's a good idea to check your policy first (and contact your provider to see if any of their services carry a charge) but you may find some of the following complementary value-added services are part of your policy:

These are just some of the extra-value services that your insurance plan could offer, covering a wide range of needs.

If you're unsure about how to find out more information from your policy, our advisers are here to look at the small print and help you make the most of any value-added benefits available to you.



Annual health check

A range of tests to check various health markers such as cholesterol and blood sugar levels. This may be followed by a consultation with a nurse or GP to discuss the results, depending on how your policy works.



Bereavement counselling

Giving you access to emotional and practical support at a difficult time, if you have been affected by bereavement.



Mental health support.

Being mindful of mental health is more important than ever. These value-added services help those facing mental health challenges, with counselling through various health providers.



GP services

Ability to see or speak to a medical professional from your home or faceto-face, without facing long waiting times, and at a time that suits you.



Second medical opinions

Second medical opinion services give you the chance to check with a second medical professional about the course of treatment or a diagnosis you've received.



Nutritional support

Gives you access to a nutritionist to help improve your diet, which could boost your overall health.



Fitness services

These services give you access to fitness services to enhance your overall health and wellbeing.



Feel more secure with income protection

When it comes to insurance, we're more likely to protect our pets than our income. Here's why it's important to have some income protection in place.

What is income protection?

Income protection pays out a percentage of your monthly income if you are unable to work due to illness, an accident or disability. It gives you a buffer between finding yourself without an income, paying the bills and protecting your family's security. Building an emergency fund (which covers around three months' worth of bills and essentials) is a good start to give you some financial back-up, but income protection insurance can also provide peace of mind.

How does income protection work?

Income protection is an insurance policy, so you pay a monthly or annual premium for it like any other type of insurance. If you can't work because of sickness, disability or other reasons (depending on your policy criteria), you will receive a regular income until you either return to paid work, retire, pass away or the policy term comes to an end. We can help you determine how much coverage you'll need.

How much does income protection pay?

It could be anything from 60% to 65% of your pre-tax income, and the regular payments (which are tax free) will start after a pre-agreed waiting period, which could be weeks or months. You'll pay more in premiums if the waiting period is shorter and the percentage of your income is larger. This type of protection is different to life insurance or critical illness cover, both of which do not pay regular amounts but instead provide one-off lump sums in the event of your death or the diagnosis of a critical illness.

Do you need income protection?

With the rise in the cost of living and cost of borrowing right now, many people are worried about paying the bills should anything happen that leaves them unable to work. Recent surveys have shown that the average UK family doesn't have enough in savings to be financially secure for long if they're no longer receiving an income.

That's where income protection can give you some financial resilience, especially if your workplace does not provide statutory sick pay (or only starts to pay out after a period of several months). Your adviser can help you navigate the income protection policies that could best suit you and your needs, weighing up how much your premiums might be with the amount of cover you're after.

As with any insurance policy to do with your life and health, things like your age, health, occupation and other factors (like how much of your income you would like to receive, and how soon you would like payments to start) will be considered when your premium is calculated.

We can guide you through what type of policy works best for you, helping you find value for money as well as some peace of mind knowing your income is protected.

Your adviser is best placed to help you find an income protection policy to suit your needs and provide some security for you and your family.

Peace of mind for the self-employed

Sarah is self-employed and she approached her financial adviser for some advice. As a single mum, she worried that her emergency savings fund wouldn't be enough to cover the rent or bills if she found herself unable to work. Sarah's financial adviser found her an income protection plan with an affordable monthly premium that covers 65% of her earnings.