

As a nation, we aren't great with our financial acronyms and terminology. Life is busy and our heads are often full of important things to get done to make it through the week, without having to worry whether we know our LTV from our ERC!

Incase you were wondering....

LTV

Loan-to-value

ERC

Early repayment charge

SVR

Standard variable rate

You're certainly not alone if you're feeling financially flustered. Recent research has found that more than a fifth of British adults are confused by everyday financial terms.

Worth taking the time to review your mortgage

When you do find some time to settle down on the sofa with a cuppa or a glass of wine in hand, if you are a mortgage holder, it could be a good time to become familiar with one important acronym worth knowing - SVR or Standard Variable Rate.

You may find that you are automatically switched to an SVR when your existing mortgage deal, whether that be a tracker, fixed rate or discounted mortgage, comes to an end. Unfortunately, this could mean you're paying over the odds, perhaps without even realising.

SVR rarely offer the most competitive rates and the SVR interest rate is usually linked to a percentage above the bank's base rate, meaning the rate can rise and fall, which makes you more vulnerable to potential interest rate rises in the future.

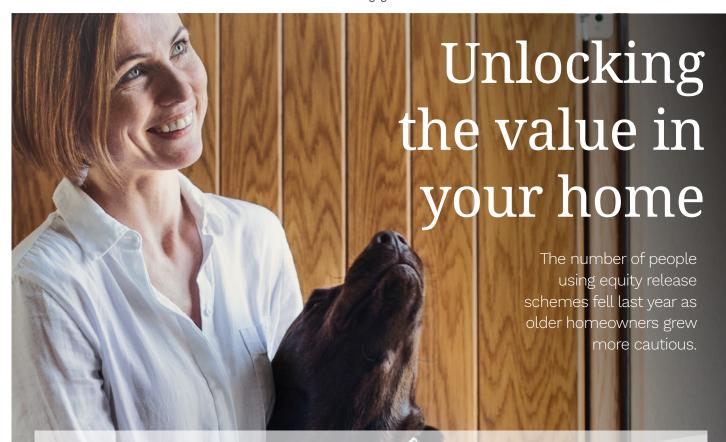
Take advantage of record low mortgage rates

After two Bank of England base rate cuts earlier this year, mortgage rates have remained at record low levels, so it makes sense to see if you can save money by switching to a better rate.

Good advice that cuts through the jargon

In a complex environment, getting good, clear advice can really pay – so get in touch and we'll guide you through the process, without using jargon.

Don't worry if you're currently locked into a mortgage deal that has exit charges, you don't have to wait until it has come to an end as your adviser can help you find a deal three or six months before your lock-in period finishes.



Older homeowners seemed to be more reluctant to release cash from their homes in 2020, according to the Equity Release Council. Data from the trade body shows drawdowns from lifetime mortgages fell by 21% last year and 10% fewer plans were agreed than in 2019.

This drop suggests the coronavirus pandemic affected the equity release market in 2020, with activity slipping to a four-year low between April and June. Yet the end of the year was a different story – a backlog of cases meant it was unusually busy, with 11,566 new equity release plans agreed between October and December.

What is equity release?

Equity release enables homeowners who are aged 55 and over to access some of the money tied up in their homes. You can take the money as a lump sum or in several smaller amounts. Many people choose this option to supplement their retirement income, make home improvements or help children or grandchildren get onto the property ladder.

The most common way to release equity from your home is through a lifetime mortgage, which allows you to take out a loan secured on your property, provided it's your main residence. You can ring-fence some of the property value as inheritance for your family and you can choose to make repayments or let the interest roll up. The mortgage amount, including any interest, is paid back when you die or move into long-term care.

Alternatively, you can take out a home reversion plan, which enables you to sell all or part of your home for a lump sum or regular payments. You can continue living

there rent-free until you die, but you'll have to pay to maintain and insure it. You can ring-fence some of the property for later use. At the end of the plan, the property is sold and the proceeds are shared according to the remaining proportions of ownership.

Is equity release falling out of favour?

In 2020, £3.89 billion of equity was released from property, compared with £3.92 billion in 2019 and £3.94 billion in 2018, according to the Equity Release Council (5). These figures suggest people are biding their time before unlocking wealth from their homes, according to David Burrowes, the trade body's chairman (6).

Yet interest rates for lifetime mortgages are now falling, which could encourage people to take the next step. The average equity release interest rate fell to around 4% during the last three months of 2020, with the lowest rates now at around 2.3% (7). This rate is less than many of those available on 10-year fixed-rate mortgages, but higher than a lot of products with shorter fixed periods (8).

Is equity release right for you?

Deciding to release funds from your home isn't a decision to take lightly. While equity release means you have money to spend now instead of leaving it tied up in your property, it can be a complicated process. Remember that equity release often doesn't pay you the full market value for your home and it will also reduce the amount of inheritance your loved ones could receive. It's important to talk to a financial adviser who can help you decide whether the process is appropriate for you.

Turning 'generation rent' into 'generation buy'

New 95% mortgage scheme to help first-time buyers

Lenders are now offering a governmentbacked 95% mortgage scheme to help more first-time buyers onto the property ladder.

The government is hoping to turn 'generation rent' into 'generation buy' with the help of a 5% mortgage deposit scheme launched on 19 April.

Following the outbreak of the coronavirus pandemic, many lenders withdrew low-deposit mortgages. In just under a year, the number of 95% mortgages available to first-time buyers fell from 391 to just three. It's hoped the scheme will give lenders the confidence to offer low-deposit mortgages again by taking on some of the risks involved.

What is the 5% deposit scheme?

First announced in this year's Budget, the programme offers first-time buyers or current homeowners the chance to secure a 95% loan-to-value mortgage on homes worth up to £600,000. It's available on both new-build and existing properties.

The government hopes the scheme will provide an affordable route to home ownership by helping people who may be renting but are unable to save for a deposit.

Buyers will still only be able to borrow in proportion to their income, typically a multiple of 4.5. As a result, the scheme will particularly benefit buyers in lower-value housing markets such as northern England and Scotland.

(i)

What does loan to value mean?

Loan to value is the percentage of the property value you're loaned as a mortgage – in other words, the proportion you're borrowing. For example, if you have a 95% mortgage on a house worth £200,000, you would put down £10,000 (5%) of your own money as a deposit and borrow the rest (£190,000).

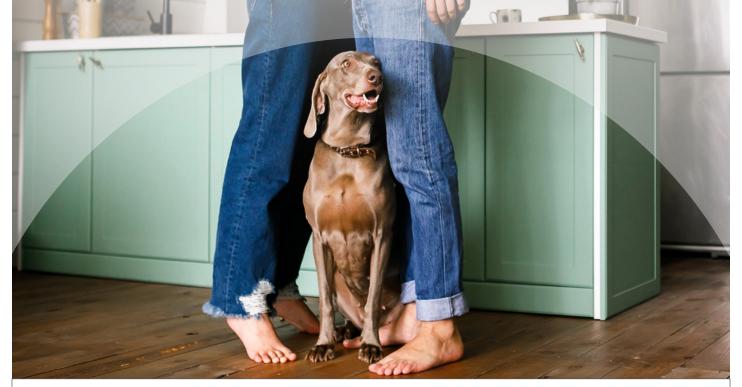
What's the catch?

There are a few conditions that you'll have to meet under the scheme. You'll need to:

- Buy a property to live in second homes and buy-to-let properties aren't eligible.
- Apply for a repayment (not interest-only) mortgage
- Pass standard affordability checks, including a loan-to-income test and credit score assessment.

It's worth considering the fact that the higher proportion of the property price you borrow, the higher the amount of interest you'll repay on your mortgage. So it might be good to take a step back and figure out if you can save for a little longer and borrow less.

Speak to your financial adviser about how the 5% mortgage deposit scheme could help you get on the property ladder.





Prior to lockdown, over half (51%) of businesses had some form of debt, owing an average of £176,000 each — and yet just 20% used an insurance policy as security.

To add to this already significant issue, bank lending to struggling businesses via government-backed COVID-19 loan schemes reached nearly £52bn as of mid-August – meaning that UK businesses are more heavily indebted than ever.

Business loan protection

Business loan protection provides funds to repay a business loan, commercial mortgage, or a director's loan if one of the company's owners were to die or be diagnosed with a serious or terminal illness. Essentially, this type of insurance comprises a life cover or critical illness policy taken out on the life of the business owner or key person, with the payout ensuring the business can pay its debts should the worst happen.

Most lenders require some form of security when lending to businesses; often, business owners will use their own personal wealth (e.g. their property) as security. So, in addition to their business suffering if they were to unexpectedly die or become seriously ill, their family could face serious financial hardship or even lose their home.

Director's loans

It is common for businesses to have a director's loan account, through which the director can:

- Lend money to the business to fund initial start-up costs or see it through cash flow pinch points, for example;
- Borrow money from the company that is not classed as salary, dividends or expense repayments.

According to research from Legal & General, the average director's loan totals £169,000 – and yet well over a quarter (28%) of businesses are unaware that director's loans must be repaid upon death. This means the business could collapse if there is no insurance policy in place as security.

Loss of a key person

A staggering 52% of businesses say they would cease trading within a year if they lost a key person. Losing a key member of staff can have a huge impact on the business in terms of lost profits, poor cashflow and, potentially, a change in its creditors' attitudes to outstanding debts. That's where business loan protection comes in – it can help alleviate financial pressure by paying off the company's debts and enabling the business to get back on track.

As with all insurance policies, conditions and exclusions will apply

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£176k

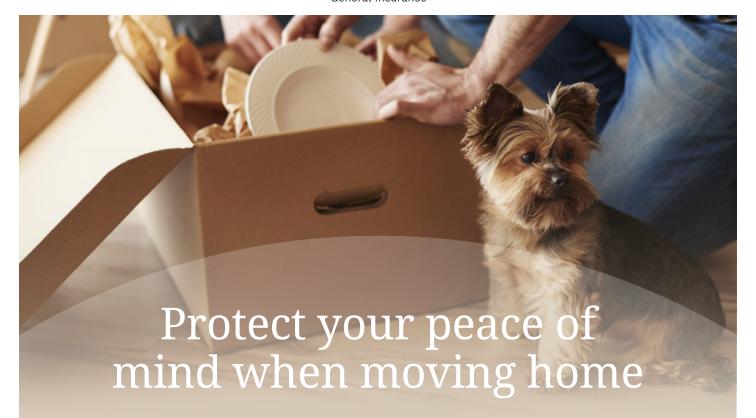
was the average amount owed by businesses in the UK

20%

of businesses used an insurance policy as security

52%

of businesses say they would cease trading within a year if they lost a key person



Moving home can be a hectic and exciting time, but don't forget about protection – taking out the appropriate policies can save you a lot of stress in the long term.

If you've just moved home or are about to, it probably feels like you've been caught up in a bit of a whirlwind over the past few months. With searching for a property during a pandemic, making the move before the stamp duty holiday ends and potentially getting caught up in the resulting conveyancing backlog, protection policies are probably not top of your priority list.

Yet it's important to take the necessary precautions to ensure your new home and possessions are looked after – now more than ever. Here are some of the main types of protection you should be thinking about.

Mortgage protection

If you're unable to work due to illness or injury or because you've lost your job, mortgage payment protection will cover the cost of your mortgage each month. These policies usually last for a year or until you return to work – whichever is soonest.

You can pick how much you want your policy to pay out each month, and this can include a buffer for other expenses, such as bills. It's important to bear in mind though that providers usually set monthly limits of between £1,500 and £2,000. You won't always be able to claim straight away, and there's usually a waiting period of one or two months. The cost of mortgage protection will depend on:



your salary;



the size of your mortgage repayments;



the type of policy you choose; and



how soon you want to be covered.

Income protection

Income protection provides you with a regular income if you've lost your job or are unable to work due to illness or injury. There's usually a minimum wait of four weeks before you can start receiving payments. There are different types available:

- A short-term plan covers you for involuntary redundancy, but is usually limited to a set time period.
- A long-term plan will usually cover you until you return to work, retire, die, or the policy ends whichever is soonest.

Buildings insurance

If you've got a mortgage, you're likely to have buildings insurance to cover the cost of repairing damage or rebuilding the structure of your home if it's damaged. But have you looked carefully through the policy and made sure that it definitely covers everything you need it to? Once you've moved, you may realise that your new home has a slightly more complex structure than you first realised, and it's important to make sure your buildings insurance takes this into account. If you're lucky enough to not have a mortgage, it's still a sensible idea to invest in this type of insurance for peace of mind.

Contents insurance

If you've bought new furniture and gadgets for your home, you might need to review your contents insurance. This type of insurance covers the cost of replacing possessions in your home if they're stolen, destroyed or damaged. It's a good idea to double check which of your items are covered so that you're not caught out if something does go wrong.

Act now

When you're caught up in the excitement of moving, thinking about protection might be the last thing on your mind. But remember that your circumstances can change quickly and it's important to make sure you're prepared now in case things don't go to plan in the future. For more information about protection and to talk about whether your current policies are right for your situation, speak to your financial adviser today.



Insurance claims for accidental damage increased over the past year as more people worked from home, so it's a good time to check your own coverage.

Figures from some of the country's biggest insurance providers have shown a sharp rise in claims of accidental damage during the lockdown.

With many millions now working from home, the chances of accidents and damage to property have inevitably gone up. Halifax Home Insurance reported a rise of 35% for claims between July and September 2020 compared with the same period in 2019.

Types of accidents included damage to computers and other electrical items, broken windows and water leaks. With holidays cancelled, children home schooling and everyone staying in, appliances were used a lot more than normal, along with central heating systems.

Millions paid out in home insurance claims

One Insurance provider paid out £33 million in home insurance claims in 2020, with 15% going towards accidental damage claims. General claims not related to accidents accounted for 25% and were mostly related to appliance and pipework damage.

The biggest rise in claims related to damage to computers and electrical equipment because of spillages. As working from home turned many of us into amateur office managers, the usual health and safety measures within a normal office environment were not easy to replicate – especially with children and pets in the picture.

Admiral reported its accidental damage claims increased by 28% since the lockdown started in March 2020, compared to the previous year. Damaged laptop claims increased by 31% and claims around damage caused by home renovation also rose.

Check your accidental damage coverage

It's a good time to see what your home insurance policy includes when it comes to covering accidental damage to your property.

- 1. Check that you have the accidental damage cover in place, because it's often offered as an optional extra to your home insurance.
- Check the limits and exclusions on your accidental damage cover, making sure there is enough to cover any new gadgets or equipment you bought during lockdown.
- If you have made renovations and upgrades to your home during lockdown, try to calculate the extra value they bring to your home to ensure your home policy covers it.

How to avoid accidental damage in your home

Sometimes, accidents just happen. But there are ways to reduce the likelihood of an accident, like keeping drinks in a closed cup, away from computers, or tidying cables to avoid tripping.

With many homeowners installing wooden flooring, it's worth keeping rugs secure with non-slip backing, and encouraging children to be aware of risks in the home when they are playing.

And it's always a good idea to have your insurers' telephone number and the policy details handy for when you need them.

Along with helping you check the small print in your accidental damage policy, your financial adviser is here to help you find insurance plans that work best for you and your family, to make sure you're best protected.